Department of Labor and Industry Board of Personnel Appeals PO Box 201503 Helena, MT 59620-1503 (406) 444-2718

STATE OF MONTANA BEFORE THE BOARD OF PERSONNEL APPEALS

IN THE MATTER OF THE UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE CHARGE NO. 11-2011

-vs-)	NVESTIGATIVE REPORT AND ICE OF INTENT TO DISMISS
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I. Introduction

On November 17, 2010, the Arlee Classified Employees Association, MEA-MFT, hereinafter ACEA or Association, filed an unfair labor practice charge with the Board of Personnel Appeals alleging that the Arlee Joint Elementary and High School District No. 8, hereinafter the District, committed an unfair labor practice "by failing to increase the amount of its monthly contribution for health insurance for classified staff in the amount of the increased contribution for certified staff". A violation of 39-31-401 (1) and (5) MCA is alleged. Tom Gigstad, MEA-MFT Field Consultant filed the charge on behalf of the Association. Tony Koenig, attorney at law, with the Montana School Boards Association, has appeared on behalf of the District and has answered the complaint denying that the District violated Montana law.

John Andrew was assigned by the Board to investigate the charge and has reviewed the information submitted by the parties and communicated with them as necessary in the course of the investigation.

II. Findings and Discussion

The ACEA and the District are in the process of negotiating a successor contract to the first ever contract between the parties, the duration of which was July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2010. At the heart of the instant dispute is a disagreement over whether or not the District was under an obligation to increase the insurance contribution made on behalf of eligible bargaining unit members. The Association contends the District is

obligated to increase bargaining unit members' contribution to the same as that negotiated by the District certified staff. The District contends that it is under no such obligation, but rather, any increase is subject to collective bargaining.

As a threshold issue the District contends that the interpretation of contract language in question is subject to the grievance procedure. That process was not followed and as such, the complaint should be dismissed.

39-31-306 (5) of the Montana Code Annotated provides:

An agreement to which a school is a party must contain a grievance procedure culminating in final and binding arbitration of unresolved and disputed interpretations of agreements. The aggrieved party may have the grievance or disputed interpretation of the agreement resolved either by final and binding arbitration or by any other available legal method and forum, but not by both. After a grievance has been submitted to arbitration, the grievant and the exclusive representative waive any right to pursue against the school an action or complaint that seeks the same remedy. If a grievant or the exclusive representative files a complaint or other action against the school, arbitration seeking the same remedy may not be filed or pursued under this section.

Although the position of the District is well taken, and although there is a strong preference on the part of the Board of Personnel Appeals to defer contractual interpretation disputes to the grievance mechanism of the bargaining agreement, Collyer Insulated Wire, 192 NLRB 387, 77 LRRM 1931, and William Converse v Anaconda Deer Lodge County and ULP 44-81 James Forsman v Anaconda Deer Lodge County, August 13, 1982, in the case of school contracts the statute makes it clear that binding arbitration must be contained in a collective bargaining agreement between a labor union and a school district, but if the union elects to follow channels other than those in the grievance procedure it may do so. In the instant case, the Association contends that the District made a unilateral change in a mandatory subject of bargaining when it did not follow the collective bargaining agreement by providing the same insurance contribution to the Association as provided to the certified staff. Put another way, the parties disagree on what constitutes the status quo under the contract and whether or not it has been followed by the District. See, for instance ULP 37-81, Forsyth Education Association, MEA/NEA vs. Rosebud County School District #4 and Montana University System, and the Labor Relations Bureau, Department of Administration, (1984) and ULP 6-2001, International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 400 vs. Fergus County. In either instance, it is within the purview of the Board of Personnel Appeals to decide such questions. The charge cannot be dismissed on the basis of not following the grievance procedure and/or not filing a grievance in a timely manner under the contract, with the latter being particularly true since the time for filing an unfair labor practice is 6 months, 39-31-404 MCA.

The language in the expired collective bargaining agreement provides:

Article 7.3, Insurance Benefits

The District will provide all employees and their dependents with the same health and other insurance benefits, including an IRS Section 125 flexible benefit plan, as provided to teachers under their CBA. The District will contribute \$560/month toward the premium for insurance coverage for each employee. Those who work less than 20 hours/week will not receive a contribution. The District contribution for those scheduled to work less than forty (40) hours/week but at least twenty (20) hours/week shall be prorated against forty (40) hours.

The ACEA contends that this language is clear on its face. In the alternate, if it is not clear, then parol evidence shows that bargaining between the parties culminated in an agreement that the classified unit would receive the same insurance benefit as the certified unit as well as the same premium contribution as received by the certified unit. The Association further contends that in the last round of bargaining the certified unit received an increase in premium and the contribution now needs to be increased for the classified unit. Essentially the Association contends that the status quo in this case is dynamic in that the agreement was meant to provide that, even during bargaining, or upon expiration of the bargaining agreement, premium contributions, if increased for the certified unit, would also be increased for the classified unit. In taking this view the Association points to bargaining history and Association bargaining notes, past practice of the parties, and a 2008-2009 "Classified Staff Handbook".

The District, on the other hand, contends that the language is clear on its face in that it provides for two distinct things. First, the classified unit will receive the same insurance benefits as the certified unit. Second, in the view of the District, the language then provides for a contribution toward the insurance premium amount. The District contends that the amount of the contribution was set at a specific amount, \$560 with pro-rata benefits for less than full time employees, and consistent with the District understanding of the agreement, this amount would stay the same and would change only if bargained between the parties. Further, in the view of the District, if the District increased the premium contribution amount during bargaining they would be changing the status quo and, in doing so, would be committing an unfair labor practice.

The argument of the District is well taken by the investigator. There are clearly two distinct parts to the language in question, one dealing with the nature of the benefit and the other being the amount of the premium contribution by the employer. Beyond this, nothing in the section addressing insurance, either expressly or impliedly, provides that classified staff would receive the same insurance premium contribution as the certified staff on an ongoing basis. Yet, since bargaining history has been raised, discussion is in order.

As it approached bargaining the initial contract the District reviewed the following language in its consideration of opening proposals:

7.4 Insurance (Do employees currently receive Insurance benefits?)

A. Retirement

Continuation of Insurance During Retirement: Retiring employees will be allowed to continue participation in District insurance program(s) at their

own expense when such participation is allowed by the carrier(s). These individuals shall make payments directly to the appropriate office.

B. Claims against the District

It is understood that the District's only obligation is to pay such amounts as agreed to herein and no claim shall be made against the School District as a result of a denial of insurance coverage or benefits by an insurance carrier.

7.5 Insurance Committee

There shall exist an Insurance Committee composed of two school board members, an administrator, the business manager (clerk), three certified teachers appointed by Association, and one classified staff person appointed by the Association. The committee will meet annually to review the current district insurance plan and make recommendations to the school board and the Association.

7.6 Contributions

The Board will contribute the following monthly amounts toward medical insurance for each full time employee (as defined in Article 2.2 A):

2009-10 Year	District	
Sin	gle	\$XXX.xx
Tw	o Party	\$XXX.xx
Fai	mily	\$XXX.xx

^{*}The District will pay the above amount or the full premium charged by the insurance carrier, whichever is less.

Based on this language the District clearly approached the first bargaining with an eye toward specifying a distinct premium contribution for classified employees, or, perhaps not even making a premium contribution at all.

The Association, on the other hand, offered language in May reading as follows:

7.3 Insurance Benefits

The District will provide all employees and their dependents with the same health and other insurance benefits, including an IRS Section 125 flexible benefit plan, as provided to teachers under their CBA. The District will contribute 100% of the amount of the premium for individual employee coverage and all but \$50 of the monthly premium for any dependent coverage selected by the employee.

In June of 2009, the District responded to the Association proposals in Article 7 as follows:

7.2 Mileage Allowance

Employees required by the district in the course of their work to drive personal vehicles shall receive a car allowance equal to the current IRS allowance under Montana law.

District Response: Agreed

7.3 Insurance Benefits

The District will provide all employees and their dependents with the same health and other insurance benefits, including an IRS Section 125 flexible benefit plan, as provided to teachers under their CBA. The District will contribute 100% of the amount of the premium for individual employee coverage and all but \$50 of the monthly premium for any dependent coverage selected by the employee.

7.4 Retirement Benefits

The Board will be a participating employer in the Montana Public Employees Retirement System and all employees will be members of PERS. An employee who retires under PERS with at least fifteen (15) year of credited service there under will continue to receive district contributions for health insurance coverage as though an active employee for the first three years following the effective date of retirement.

District Response: No

Concerning section 7.3, this written response by the District contains no specific acceptance or rejection of the Association proposal, but the District contends it did not agree with the section as offered by the Association.

In a fax from the Association to the District in June of 2009, the following language is found:

Article 7.3, Insurance Benefits.

The District will provide all employees and their dependents with the same health and other insurance benefits, including an IRS Section 125 flexible benefit plan, as provided to teachers under their CBA. The District will contribute \$560/month toward the premium for insurance coverage for each employee who works twenty (20) hours or more per week. Those who work less than 20 hours/week will not receive a contribution.

In addition to language proposals, and by way of further discussion, the Association points the investigator to the fact that in the course of bargaining the initial contract the District increased the premium amount from \$490/month to \$560/month. The Association asserts this was consistent with existing practice to tie classified premium contribution to certified premium contributions. As further evidence of this the Association points to the "Classified Staff Handbook". The section of the handbook

 offered by the Association references the District making a "maximum full contribution" toward premium to all eligible employees, with that amount being \$490/month in the handbook at that time. This language was interpreted to mean, and was applied to mean, that when the certified staff received an increase in insurance premium contribution, so too did all eligible classified employees. Since the handbook applied to all eligible classified employees, including those in the newly created bargaining unit, it was entirely possible that the status quo at the time of the first negotiations was to increase the premium contribution to all classified employees, including those in the newly formed bargaining unit. If the employer had not increased the contribution, arguably they would have committed an unfair labor practice. See, ULP 6-2001, supra.

In the information made available to the investigator there is no indication that the District intended to pay the same premium contribution to the certified bargaining unit as to the classified bargaining unit in any sort of ongoing basis, nor did the District ever intend to pay 100% of the premium amount to classified bargaining unit members. At best, if either intent existed, it was before the Association was on the scene and then continued for the duration of the initial bargaining agreement, and then for arguably good reasons. It is equally clear that the Association varied its proposals over time from 100% of the premium to a specific dollar amount contribution. Nowhere is there anything, either in the section of the bargaining agreement pertaining to insurance benefit/contribution, or elsewhere in the collective bargaining agreement that says the contribution, whatever its amount, was subject to automatic increase or decrease during the life of the agreement or post expiration. If it were understood and intended by the parties that the Association would receive the same contribution amount as the certified staff, either during the life of the bargaining agreement, or upon contract expiration that should be stated in the collective bargaining agreement. It is not, and it could as easily be said that any "me too" discussions were good only for the initial contract between the parties as it would be to say that such an understanding would carry forth in perpetuity. The language of the bargaining agreement supports the first reading rather than the second.

Having reviewed the contractual language, and in full consideration of the arguments and information submitted by the parties, it is the view of the investigator that the language in the collective bargaining agreement, as well as the actions of the District, are consistent with the position of the District. There is insufficient evidence to warrant a finding of probable merit.

III. Recommended Order

It is hereby recommended that Unfair Labor Practice Charge 11-2011 be dismissed.

DATED this 2nd day of March of 2011.

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By: _____ John Andrew Investigator

NOTICE

Pursuant to 39-31-405 (2) MCA, if a finding of no probable merit is made by an agent of the Board a Notice of Intent to Dismiss is to be issued. The Notice of Intent to Dismiss may be appealed to the Board. The appeal must be in writing and must be made within 10 days of receipt of the Notice of Intent to Dismiss. The appeal is to be filed with the Board at P.O. 201503, Helena, MT 59620-1503. If an appeal is not filed the decision to dismiss becomes a final order of the Board.

I, ______, do hereby certify that a true and correct copy of this document was mailed to the following on the 11th day of March 2011, postage paid and addressed as follows:

TONY KOENIG MONTANA SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION 863 GREAT NORTHERN BLVD STE 301 HELENA MT 59601

TOM GIGSTAD FIELD CONSULTANT MEA MFT 1001 SW HIGGINS 101 MISSOULA MT 59803